

## DAILY EPITAPH.

## TIME SCHEDULE.

New Mexico and Arizona Railroad Company.

Passenger time, 30 minutes slower than local time. All trains daily.

STATIONS	GOING NORTH LEAVE	GOING SOUTH LEAVE
Grand Central Depot	11:30 a. m.	1:20 p. m.
San Antonio	11:40 a. m.	1:30 p. m.
Canby	11:50 a. m.	1:40 p. m.
Constitution	12:05 a. m.	1:55 p. m.
Fairbank	12:15 a. m.	2:05 p. m.
Brookline	12:25 a. m.	2:15 p. m.
Brookline	12:35 a. m.	2:25 p. m.
Elgin	12:45 a. m.	2:35 p. m.
Sonoma	12:55 a. m.	2:45 p. m.
Crittenden	1:05 a. m.	2:55 p. m.
Sanford	1:15 a. m.	3:05 p. m.
Calabass	1:25 a. m.	3:15 p. m.
Yuma	1:35 a. m.	3:25 p. m.

## BAND BOX STAGE LINE.

Stage to connect with Western bound train leaves at 9:15 o'clock a. m.  
Stage to connect with Eastern bound train leaves at 9:15 o'clock a. m.  
Stage to connect with Guaymas train leaves at 9 o'clock p. m.  
Stage for Charleston leaves at 7 a. m.  
Stage for Bisbee leaves at 6 a. m. (except Sundays).

## CITY TIME.

Office—406 Allen street, under Occidental Hotel.

This paper is kept on file at E. C. Drake's Advertising Agency, 64 and 65 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, Cal., where contracts for advertising can be made for it.

## LOCAL NOTES.

The trial of John Meagher has been postponed until Monday.

Grass is good and cattle in fine condition in the Baboquivari country.

A councilman ought to be elected for the third ward, in place of Mr. Pidwell.

Capt. W. H. Seamans is at Casa Grande, examining some mining properties.

L. C. Hughes has gone into the honey business, and the Star is now supplied with home made taffy.

There will be service to-day in the Catholic church at 7 and 9 a. m., and at 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 6:30 p. m.

The Easter floral decorations at the Episcopal church are very fine. Over one hundred calla lilies were used, besides a large quantity of other beautiful flowers.

W. P. Woods was married at Tucson on the 21st, to Mrs. Lizzie Bullard, daughter of Capt. R. M. Johnson, of Tucson.

M. G. Fagnie will in all probability accept a situation from the A. T. & S. F. railroad, in Arizona. Mr. F. is a first-class railroad man.

Ladies should inspect the fine summer goods just received at the New York store. Oriental laces, embroideries, fine lawns and percales, etc., etc.

The Evening Boycotter announces that Sol Lowenberg has been appointed as its agent at Bisbee and is empowered to collect all bills.

At the pink and white tea at Mrs. Cheyney's, on Wednesday evening, there will be an interesting programme including tableaux music and recitations.

Miss Rachel Young, sister of Mrs. Robert Eccleston, arrived from California last Friday. She seeks our genial climate for the benefit of her health, as well as the pleasure of a visit.

The Silver City Enterprise states that fears are entertained for the safety of A. J. Huneke, of the San Pablo mine, near Nacosari, Sonora. Geo. W. Parsons informs the EPITAPH that he recently had a letter from Mr. Huneke and thinks there is no reason to feel anxious about him.

Mr. G. L. Pearson, we are sorry to say, has had a relapse, and is quite sick again. In consequence, there will be no morning service in the M. E. Church, but Sabbath School as usual and the evening joint Easter festival services, which promise to be very interesting. The services will be largely by the children of the Methodist Episcopal and Presbyterian Sunday Schools. Rev. Mr. Davis will make the address. All are cordially invited.

An EPITAPH reporter upon visiting the new cemetery, yesterday, was agreeably surprised to see the many improvements that had taken place during the past three weeks. The business has been arranged splendidly by the committee in charge, and Messrs. Ritter and Bradshaw are entitled to the gratitude of this community for the arduous labors performed by those gentlemen. They have left nothing undone whereby the premises could be benefitted.

A report from Magdalena, Sonora, published in the Nogales News, announces that the Chiricahua Indians had attacked the Bado Seco ranch on the Magdalena and Imuris road, about twenty five miles southeast of Magdalena, killing three men and two women and destroying a lot of property. The authorities at Magdalena were requested to send troops for the protection of the inhabitants of that section, which they did. It is also reported that some Indians supposed to be members of Geronimo's band attacked the Genoverachi ranch near Santa Cruz, a few days ago and, it is believed, killed some of the ranchers.

## PETER'S SUPREMACY.

Father D. J. Makes Some New Arguments on the Question.

TOMBSTONE, April 23, 1886.

EDITOR EPITAPH:

As the arguments of Rev. Mr. Haskins are all directed against the supremacy of jurisdiction of St. Peter and his successors on the Roman see, I will show as briefly as possible how powerless all his proofs are; nay, how he endeavors to show us that he is wrong.

He rejects my argument, taken from St. Matthew XVI: "Thou art Peter," etc. Peter is derived from the Latin "Petrus," this from the Greek, "Petros." But our Saviour spoke neither Latin nor Greek. He conversed in the Syro-Chaldaic, in which tongue it is "keprtas," which means "a rock." Our Lord then said to Peter alone: "Thou art a rock and upon this rock will I build My Church. Is it not calling the good sense of the Divine speaker in question to deny that Peter received a power which is unique in the Church, by being the rock on which our Saviour built it; or does the reverend gentleman show here a lack of sound judgment, or of good intentions?

He proves further, that Peter was inferior in some respects to other Apostles, and from that he concludes that he was not elected by our Lord above the others. This is no argument at all. It would be the same if after some years a man would assert that in 1884 Blaine was elected president because he was a better man than Cleveland. I think we would have a serious doubt to rank such a man amongst intelligent people.

Then the reverend opponent doubts as to whether Peter was ever at Rome. Why does he not rather call in question the existence of Rome and Peter altogether? Because Rome alone shows where Peter was in prison, where he was crucified, where he is buried. For his historical knowledge, it would pay the reverend and candid defender of truth to make a pious visit to those holy places.

He puts a denial to my arguments, drawn from history. It is the easiest way. I merely invoke the history where it is said that those Catholic emperors, who really convoked the councils, did so on their own authority or on commission given them by the respective popes Sylvester I, Damasus, Celestine I and Leo I. Further, he says, the sixth canon of the Council of Nice puts Rome, Alexandria and Antioch on the same level. Now, the original text (I do not know what text Mr. Haskins has), reads that the ancient rights of the Patriarchs of Alexandria and Antioch must be recognized, "because it is a law established by the Bishops of Rome." Nay, the very first words of the canon are, "The Church of Rome has always held the primacy."

So it is given in the 19th volume of Ch. Lenormat, edition of 1850 of the old manuscripts discovered by Zoega, in 1810, in the Borgian Museum. It is unfortunate to choose a bad argument, but it looks rather odd to go and prove just the contrary to what a man wants to prove.

In the Council of Chalcedon he quotes this passage of canon 28: "The Fathers, with reason, gave precedence to the throne of Rome," etc. He also adds the 9th canon, and could have added the 3d canon of the Council of Constantinople, held 70 years before the Council of Chalcedon, and the 4th canon of the 4th Council of Latran, in the year 1215, and other incidents, where the Patriarchs of Constantinople strove continually to obtain some privileges over their equals in Asia, from the Pope of Rome, recognized by all as their head. It does not require a sharp look to see Rev. Mr. Haskins again prove that he is wrong. The Patriarchs of Constantinople obtained finally from Pope Innocent III what they fought for; but when will he obtain it?

He speaks also of the doctrine of the Fathers, who acknowledged always the Roman supremacy. Read even Dr. Pusey, of the Anglican Episcopal Church. In his notes on Tertullian's works, he consents entirely to the Catholic doctrine on this point.

Finally, a word in regard to the Church of England, which was one of most flourishing provinces of the Roman Catholic Church down to the sad days of a bloody reformation. At the hypocritical pretences of that English royal house, of spreading the Gospel, I cannot help giving a laugh of scorn. Who ever saw Apostles of the Gospel, with dagger, sword and torch, rush in on helpless women and innocent babes, in order to convert them to death. The poor Irishman knows that English creed by experience. Let us hope that at last his unshaken faith will give the mouldering throne of his tyrants a stirring shock.

T. DOLJE,  
Catholic Priest.

## A Challenge.

I hereby challenge Peter Schumacher to wrestle a mixed match, Græco-Roman and catch-as-catch-can, for \$500 a side, or for the receipts of the place, Monday evening, April 26th, either in public or private.

GREEN GEORGE.

Tombstone, April 24, 1886.

## THE WRESTLING MATCH.

It is Won by Schumacher in Two Straight Falls.

The Græco-Roman wrestling match between Greek George and Peter Schumacher, of Tombstone, last night, was one of the best affairs of the kind ever witnessed in this city. The glaring difference between the two men was at once apparent, Schumacher weighing 145 pounds and Greek George about 180. A great deal of science was displayed.

The two men went to work without losing any time. Grips and locks were taken and broken with astonishing rapidity. After wrestling about five minutes, Schumacher succeeded in getting George on the floor. In that position, some very fine scientific floor play was made. After whirling out of several dangerous positions, Schumacher succeeded in gaining a half Nelson and part back hammer lock and George performed the bridge thereby raising Schumacher by main strength and extricating himself from his recumbent position. Again on their feet, the two men, by an interchange of fine half-arm play, went to the floor simultaneously. Schumacher once more obtained his favorite half Nelson hold, George again trying the bridge, but this time unsuccessfully. Schumacher then forced George's shoulders to the floor. Time of the first round, 18½ minutes.

After an intermission of fifteen minutes, time was again called and the men went to work with greater earnestness than ever. After a series of hard struggles, both men perspiring profusely, Schumacher asked the referee for permission to be rubbed down, which was granted. The two men then separated for a rub-down and rest, lasting about ten minutes. Going to work again, some excellent scientific action was displayed. Schumacher again succeeded in throwing George off his feet, but the latter immediately got a neck lock, from behind, on Schumacher, and by a graceful throw landed Peter on his head. Using his head as a pivot, the agile Tombstoner avoided falling on his back. After several more passes, lasting ten or twelve minutes, Schumacher again got a half Nelson and from that forced George's shoulders to the floor in the same manner as in the first bout, thereby winning the second fall and the match.

The hall was crowded, the receipts amounting to close upon \$400. Ed Wilson acted as referee. As will be seen from another column of this paper, George has issued another challenge to wrestle Schumacher a mixed match, Græco-Roman and catch-as-catch-can.

## NOTES.

Both men were lustily cheered, when any advantage was obtained. Schumacher is a dandy. Anyone who doesn't believe it can try him on.

The house was worth about \$400.

The Toughnut boys are happy.

There were many people who thought that Greek George did not do his best.

Greek George has a match in Denver with a man by the name of Perrier, which will take place inside of two weeks.

Not much money changed hands on the result.

Peter's friends will back him against all comers.

It was worth the price of admission to see the match.

## New Asiatic Gold Fields.

A description of the new California, as the gold mines discovered in the valley of the Djolgate River are called, is given in a letter to the Journal des Debats. This valley is on the Chinese bank of the Amoor, directly opposite the Russian colony of Ignachino. Gold was first discovered in May 1884, and soon attracted many adventurers, most of them being Russian deserters, escaped convicts from Siberia. The number of these in January last year was 9000, which has since then been very materially increased; also about 6000 Chinese, and some 150 of other nationalities. The gold finders are divided into 722 small groups of workmen, who are absolutely equal. These elect twelve elders, who do not work themselves, but receive about \$150 a month salary, and superintend the digging. The colony does not meet with any interference from the Chinese authorities, the laws of which are very simple and severe, the penalty of death being inflicted for cheating at play, for adulteration of gold dust, or for theft, while flogging is inflicted for drunkenness during hours of labor, or bringing females into the colony. The gold-fields are twenty-five miles in length and three miles broad, and are said to be very rich, seven pounds of gold having been obtained from 32 cwt of gravel, even with the primitive methods of washing in vogue.

## Episcopal Church.

Services will be held to-day, at 11 a. m., and at 7½ p. m. The Bishop will preach on each occasion. The lecture in the evening will give way to a sermon addressed to young men by the Bishop. In the afternoon, at 3, the children of the Sunday school hold their anniversary. They are to present a Font to the church. The Bishop will address them. The church is beautifully and elaborately decorated with flowers. Special music all day.

## More Apaches.

Maurice Marks, well known in Tombstone, arrived last evening from the San Pedro custom house. He reports that the hostiles are quite numerous in that vicinity. A Mexican arrived at the custom house, yesterday morning, bringing the news of the killing of a Mexican miner who was working a mine about forty miles southeast of the custom house. The courier reports that there are a great many hostiles around there and many depredations are being committed by them. It seems that this man was working the mine in question, when eight Apaches attacked him and succeeded in killing one of the party. The other one escaped uninjured and hastening to the settlement, reported the killing of his companion to the authorities. The citizens in that neighborhood are daily in fear of their lives and are living in constant dread of the Apaches. The mining in that section of the country will in all probability cease, as men cannot be employed to work mines.

## Can't Run This Country.

In one sense every man in this country is a workingman, but not in the sense of the trade unions. For them a workingman is one engaged in some mechanical occupation, who labors with his hands, generally at a trade. The great army of men who work on farms, for instance, they never count as workingmen. The workingmen, as the trade unions understand them, are equal to about one in fifty of all the people in this country. That number cannot wag the United States.—New York Mail and Express.

## Roll of Honor.

Roll of honor of Charleston school for the month ending April 23rd 1886.

Eda Stowe, Mary Hohstadt, Andrew Vaughn, Frank Hohstadt, Carmen Jurado, Camillo Hughes, Michael Buckley, Willie Hughes, Theresa Jurado, Annie Buckley, Nellie Hughes, Charlie Waffle, Charlie Crawford, Emma Trappman, Lily Vaughn, Katie Buckley.

ELLA FAY, Teacher.

Greek George is willing to wrestle Schumacher, on Monday next, mixed style, Græco-Roman and catch-as-catch-can, for \$500 a side, the match to be public and admission 50c, 75c and \$1. Schumacher's friends want the match to private and for \$1,000. George says he cannot put up more than \$500 and he thinks that if they mean business, they should accept his offer. If they still refuse, he may raise the amount of \$1,000 within three weeks, when he would return here and meet Schumacher. George claims to have been suffering from fever since he arrived in Tombstone.

There will be a chicken dinner to-day at the Fountain, with all the delicacies of the season.

## Occidental Hotel.

This is the only first-class hotel in Tombstone. It is handsomely furnished with all modern improvements. Travelers who stop at this house will find every comfort and attention. Private rooms for commercial travelers at reasonable rates. A splendid billiard table and a card room. The bar is supplied with pure brands of wines, liquors and cigars.

## Butter, Butter.

Another lot of that choice creamery butter was received last night by Fitts Bros., Allen street between Fifth and Sixth.

Just received, five tons of Alfalfa seed, at JOE HOEFLE'S.

Splendid Ranch Butter, from J. H. White's Ranch, received every day by express, at Dyar & Baldwin's.

## Ice! Ice!

The Los Angeles Fruit store will hereafter be supplied with ice for the accommodation of ice consumers. SOUTHWESTERN ICE CO. ap14-tf

## For Sale.

A Fine Ranch, with good buildings, corals, enclosed with a new fence, and everything in good order. About 100 acres of fine farming land. This property is situated near the ranch of Thomas Dunbar, at Tres Alamos, and will be sold at a bargain. For particulars, enquire at this office, or of J. O. Dunbar. apr22tf

## Proposals for Freight.

Sealed proposals, in duplicate, for hauling, for one year from June 1, 1886, between Fairbank and Bisbee, will be received by the undersigned, at Bisbee, Ariz., till May 1, 1886, at 1 o'clock p. m. Bidders will state uniform price per ton on all coke, merchandise, machinery or other freight from Fairbank to Bisbee, and on copper or other freight from Bisbee to Fairbank. Successful bidder will be required to perform the work in same manner as it has been done during past three years. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Award will be made May 10, 1886, at 1 o'clock p. m. For further particulars, apply to

COPPER QUEEN CO. MINING CO.  
BEN WILLIAMS, Supt.  
Bisbee, Ariz., April 24, 1886.

## TWEED'S STORE

OUR MOTTO:

GOOD GOODS

Live &amp; Let Live.

At Low Prices.



Corner Allen and Fourth Streets,

TOMBSTONE, ARIZONA.

Goods for the People at Popular Prices!

H. K. Tweed desires to call the attention of the Tombstone public to his immense and varied stock of

## GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Which he is now offering at prices that place the goods within the reach of everyone.

All Eastern Goods purchased direct in the East, not second hand through California firms.

Among the thousand and one articles which fill this mammoth store will be found

## FAMILY GROCERIES

Of every description. Finest California-canned goods. European and California dried fruit. Table delicacies. Choice coffee roasted and ground on the premises. Colgate's toilet and other well known brands of soap.

## Clothing and Furnishing Goods

Of which a large assortment of both Eastern and California goods will be found at very moderate prices.

The latest styles of everything in these lines cheaper than you can purchase in San Francisco.

## Wines, Liquors and Cigars

Of choice imported and California brands by the cask, bottle or gallon. Finest American and imported liquors. High grade cigars, tobaccos and cigarettes.

Also a full assortment of staple articles of

## HARDWARE

And everything usually kept in a first-class General Merchandise Establishment.

Most Complete Stock of Goods in Arizona.

No old goods. Everything fresh and new. Before you make your purchases take a walk through

## TWEED'S STORE

Cor. Allen & Fourth Sts.,  
TOMBSTONE, ARIZONA.